

42nd Annual Report for the year ended June 30, 2022

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COMPANY INFORMATION

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Executive Directors

Mr. Owais G. Habib Mr. Tufail Y. Habib **Managing Director**

Chairman

Non Executive Directors

Mr. Gaffar A. Habib Dr. Howard J. Synenberg Ms. Fatemah G. Habib Dr. Salma Habib

Mr. Daniyal Ghani Mr. Asad R. Premjee

BOARD OF AUDIT COMMITTEE

Mr. Gaffar A. Habib Ms. Fatemah G. Habib Dr. Salma Habib Mr. Daniyal Ghani

BOARD OF HR AND REMUNERATION COMMITTEE

Mr. Tufail Y. Habib Ms. Fatemah G. Habib Dr. Salma Habib Mr. Daniyal Ghani

CHIEF EXECUTIVE OFFICER

Mr. Owais G. Habib

CHIEF FINANCIAL OFFICER

Mr. Jamshed Ali Khan

COMPANY SECRETARY

Mr. Ali Asghar Rajani

AUDITORS

EY Ford Rhodes Chartered Accountants

SHARE REGISTRAR

M/s. THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited Plot No. 32–C, Jami Commercial Street-2, D.H.A., Phase-VII, Karachi-75500, Pakistan. UAN: (021) 111-000-322 Fax: (021) 35310190

REGISTERED OFFICE

2nd Floor, UBL Building
I.I. Chundrigar Road,
Karachi - 74000, Pakistan.
Telephone : (021) 32411887
Fax : (021) 32414581

ADMINISTRATIVE OFFICES & FACTORY

Ahmad Habib Boulevard, Hub - 90250 Pakistan.

Telephone: (0853) 363963-5 Fax: (0853) 363819



CHAIRMAN'S REVIEW / DIRECTORS' REPORT



Dear Shareholders,

We bow our heads in gratitude to Allah the Beneficent, the Merciful, the Provider, for the Blessing He continues to bestow on us which are partly reflected in the Company's performance for the year ended 30 June 2022.

During the year, the Board of the Company comprised of:

Mr. Gaffar A. Habib	Chairman, Non-Executive Director
Mr. Owais G. Habib	Chief Executive Officer
Dr. Howard J. Synenberg	Independent Director
Mr. Tufail Y. Habib	Executive Director
Ms. Fatemah G. Habib	Non-Executive Director
Dr. Salma Habib	Non-Executive Director
Mr. Daniyal Ghani	Independent Director
Mr. Asad R. Premjee	Independent Director

The Financial Highlights and the Directors' proposed appropriations are as follow:

	RUPEES in '000	
	2022	2021
Profit before Tax Provision for Tax (Net) Net Profit after Tax Un-appropriated Profit Brought Forward	121,851 (37,767) 84,084 584,699	251,740 (1,722) 250,018 534,680
Total Available for Appropriations	668,783	784,699
Proposed Appropriations: Final Dividend @ 40% (2021: 60%) Interim Dividend (2021: 40%) Un-Appropriated Profit Carried Forward	80,000 - 588,783	120,000 80,000 584,699
Earnings per Share (EPS) -Net of Tax Interim Dividend per Share of Rs. 5 each Final Dividend per Share of Rs. 5 each	2.10 - 2.00	6.25 2.00 3.00



The Year In Review

During the year under review, plant operations continued to face the challenges of erratic / non-availability of energy (Gas, KE, LPG, Furnace Oil) which even when available, was in such limited supply that only part of the Plant could be operated at any given time.

Also the price increase of this erratic energy was so rapid, that it could not be passed on to our product consumers. Run away cost of energy along with the knock on effect on our other inputs, has resulted in a greatly reduced profitability of the Company for the year.

In closing, please join me in my prayers to Allah the Beneficent, the Merciful, the Provider, to Bless our operation with the Bounties as Befits His Glory, Aameen.

On behalf of the Board,

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GAFFAR A. HABIB

Chairman

OWAIS G. HABIB Chief Executive Officer

Karachi: 05 September 2022

Post Script to the Chairman Report

COMPANY'S CONTRIBUTION TO THE ECONOMY

A Quick glance at the numbers below shows the contribution of our Company has made to the Pakistan Economy

Description	2022 Amount	2021 Amount	2020 Amount	2019 Amount	2018 Amount
		Rup	pees in mill	ions	
Total Revenue	1,963	1,840	1,740	1,593	1,447
Export Sales					
(Pak Rupees in Million)	689		214	<u>471</u>	186
Taxes Paid					
Sales Tax	235	165	165	152	138
Income Tax	62	103	110	73	79
	297	268	275	225	217
Employees Salaries					
& Other Benefit	254	237	217	199	171
Investors	102	167	103	84	42
Grand Total	653	672	596	507	430

STATEMENTS ON CORPORATE AND FINANCIAL REPORTING FRAMEWORK

- a. The Financial Statements prepared by the management of the Company, present fairly it's state of affairs and the result of it's operations.
- b. The Company has maintained proper books of accounts.
- In preparation of Financial Statements, appropriate accounting policies have been consistently applied and accounting estimates are based on reasonable and prudent judgment.
- d. In preparation of Financial Statement International Accounting Standards, as applicable in Pakistan, have been followed and non-applicability, if any, has been adequately disclosed.
- e. The existing system of internal control and other procedures have been continuously reviewed by the internal auditor. The process of review will continue and any weakness in controls will have immediate attention of the management.
- f. There are no doubts about the Company's ability to continue as a going concern.
- g. The Corporate Governance Regulations, as detailed in the Listing Regulations, have been fully implemented.
- h. Key operating and financial data for the last six years in summarized form is annexed.
- i. The following is the value of total assets based on-respective un-audited accounts as on 30 June 2022
 - Provident Fund Rs. 232.20 million (2021 Rs.230.82 million)
- j. Pattern of Share Holding of the Company is shown on the page 8.
- k. During the year (4) meetings of the Board of Directors were held. Attendance by each Director is as follows:-

Name of Directors No. of Meeting Attended Mr. Gaffar A. Habib 3 Mr. Owais G. Habib 3 Dr. Howard J. Synenberg Mr. Tufail Y. Habib 4 Ms. Fatemah G. Habib 4 5. Dr. Salma Habib 3 6. 2 7. Mr. Danival Ghani Mr. Asad R. Premjee

AUDITORS

The auditors M/s. EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants, have completed their statutory audit assignment for the year ended on June 30, 2022 and retiring at the conclusion of 42nd Annual General Meeting. The retiring auditors M/s. EY Ford Rhodes, Chartered Accountants have not offered themselves for re-appointment for the upcoming year. We place on record our sincere thanks and appreciation for their services.

The Audit Committee of the Board has recommended the appointment of Grant Thornton Anjum Rahman, Chartered Accountants as auditors of the Company for the financial year 2022-23 for the consideration and approval of the members at the forth coming Annual General Meeting.

OWAIS G. HABIB Chief Executive Officer GAFFAR A. HABIB Chairman

Co. de Caro

Karachi: September 5, 2022

SIX YEARS AT A GLANCE

(Rupees in '000)

					(110	ipees iri 000)
PARTICULARS	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017
FINANCIAL POSITION						
Paid up Capital	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000	200,000
Revenue and Reserves	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000
Unappropriated Profit	668,783	704,699	654,681	580,162	506,913	488,031
Total Share Holder Equity	928,783	964,699	914,681	840,162	766,913	748,031
Fixed Assets at Cost	1,436,994	1,386,869	1,163,595	1,138,177	1,069,681	971,762
Accumulated Depreciation	862,127	810,034	773,290	734,336	702,001	675,066
Fixed Assets Net of Depreciation	574,867	576,835	390,304	403,841	367,680	296,696
Right-of-use assets	15,106	4,922	14,014	-	-	-
Long Term Investment	26,491	26,491	20,130	5,093	4,593	4,343
Deferred Taxation -Net	20,768	33,329	28,937	16,497	22,814	-
Current Assets	768,297	833,076	861,691	739,360	668,184	634,598
Total Assets Net of Depreciation	1,405,528	1,474,653	1,315,076	1,164,792	1,063,271	935,637
Non Current Liabilities	39,715	76,459	695			2,930
Current Liabilities	437,030	433,495	399,700	324,630	296,357	184,676
Total Liabilities	476,745	509,954	400,395	324,630	296,357	187,606
INCOME						
INCOME Net Sales	1 010 657	1 770 050	1 600 067	1 562 700	1 420 462	1 120 211
	1,919,657	1,772,259	1,699,067	1,562,700	1,430,162	1,138,211
Gain on remeasurement of	0 5 4 1	20 267				
provision for GIDC-net Other Income	8,541	28,367	44 204	20.026	- 16 10E	10 102
	34,479	39,811	41,384	29,836	16,485	18,103
Total Net Revenue	1,962,677	1,840,437	1,740,451	1,592,537	1,446,647	1,156,314
Profit before Taxation	121,851	251,740	208,663	137,977	60,535	43,985
Taxation	37,767	1,722	34,145	14,728	(8,347)	5,334
Profit after Taxation	84,084	250,018	174,519	123,249	68,882	38,651
STATISTICS AND RATIOS						
Pre-Tax Profit to Sales	6	14	12	9	4	4
Pre-Tax Profit to Capital	61	126	104	69	30	22
Current Ratio	1.76	1.92	2.16	2.28	2.25	3.44
Paid-Up Value Per Share (Rs)	5	5	5	5	5	5
Earning Per Share Before Tax (Rs)	3.05	6.29	5.22	3.45	1.51	1.10
Earning Per Share After Tax (Rs)	2.10	6.25	4.36	3.08	1.72	0.97
Cash Dividend % (Rs.)	2.00 (40%)	5.00 (100%)	3.00 (60%)	2.50 (50%)	1.25 (25%)	1.25 (25%)
Retained Earning Per Share (Rs)	0.10	1.25	1.36	0.58	0.47	(0.28)
Break-Up Value Per Share (Rs)	23.22	24.12	22.87	21.00	19.17	18.70

^{*} The Board of Directors in their meeting of September 05, 2022 has recommended cash dividend in respect of the year ended June 30, 2022 @ 40% i.e. Rs.2.00 per share of Rs. 5 each.



PATTERN OF SHARE HOLDING AS ON JUNE 30, 2022

NO. OF SHARE HOLDERS	SHARE HOLDING	TOTAL SHARES HELD
910	0000001 TO 0000100	28,263
594	0000101 TO 0000500	173,907
294	0000501 TO 0001000	230,498
379	0001001 TO 0005000	914,293
66	0005001 TO 0010000	529,968
16	0010001 TO 0015000	197,771
13	0015001 TO 0020000	236,548
4	0020001 TO 0025000	93,500
6	0025001 TO 0030000	173,950
4	0030001 TO 0035000	126,508
3	0035001 TO 0040000	113,548
4	0040001 TO 0050000	178,828
2	0050001 TO 0070000	134,764
4	0070001 TO 0075000	291,600
4	0075001 TO 0100000	358,017
6	0100001 TO 0200000	833,232
2	0200001 TO 0300000	454,964
6	0300001 TO 0500000	2,262,204
1	0500001 TO 2000000	1,455,637
5	2000001 TO 3000000	12,148,805
2	3000001 TO 5000000	8,899,160
2	5000001 TO 6000000	10,164,035
2327		40,000,000

S.NO.	CATEGORY OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHAREHOLDERS	NUMBER OF SHARES HELD	PERCENTAGE OF ISSUED CAPITAL
1	INDIVIDUALS	2,291	38,879,368	97.20%
2	JOINT STOCK COMPANIES	20	307,341	0.77%
3	INSURANCE COMPANIES	3	553,700	1.38%
4	FINANCIAL INSTITUTIONS	8	25,595	0.06%
5	CHARITABLE & OTHER TRUSTS	5	233,996	0.58%
	TOTAL	2,327	40,000,000	100%



PATTERN OF SHAREHOLDING AS ON JUNE 30, 2022

Category #	Shareholders' Category	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares Held	Category Wise Shares Held	Percentage
1	Directors, Chief Executive Officer & Their Spouses			24,059,033	60.15
	Mr. Gaffar A. Habib Mr. Owais G. Habib Mr. Tufail Y. Habib Ms. Fatemah G. Habib Dr. Salma Habib Mr. Daniyal Ghani Mr. Asad R. Premjee Directors' Spouse Mrs. Nishat G. Habib	1 1 1 1 1 1	5,077,633 5,086,402 2,858,005 4,450,000 4,449,160 100 500 2,137,233		
2	Associated Companies, Undertakings and Related Parties			4,621,698	11.55
	M/s. Hydari Boring & Pilling (Pvt) Limited M/s. Abbas Builders (Pvt) Limited M/s. Indus Oil Expellers (Pvt) Limited Related Parties	1 1 1 5	18,000 1,373 200 4,602,125		
3	NIT			12,730	0.03
	M/s. National Investment Trust Limited	3	12,730		
4	Bank DFIs, NBFIs	4	12,699	12,699	0.03
5	Insurance Companies	3	553,700	553,700	1.38
6	Modarabas and Mutual Funds	1	166	166	0.00
7	Individuals	2,277	7,977,457	7,977,457	19.94
8	Joint Stock Companies	17	287,768	287,768	0.72
9	Charitable & Other Trusts	5	233,996	233,996	0.58
10	Foreign Investors			2,240,753	5.60
	Holding less than 10% voting Interest	1	2,240,753		
	Total	2,327	40,000,000	40,000,000	100.00

SHARE HOLDERS HOLDING FIVE PERCENT OR MORE VOTING INTEREST IN THE LISTED COMPANY

Name(s) of Shareholder(s)	Number of Shareholders	Number of Shares Held	Percentage
Mr. Owais G. Habib	1	5,086,402	12.72%
Mr. Gaffar A. Habib	1	5,077,633	12.69%
Ms. Fatemah G. Habib	1	4,450,000	11.13%
Dr. Salma Habib	1	4,449,160	11.12%
Mr. Tufail Y. Habib	1	2,858,005	7.15%
Mr. Ghulam Abbas Y. Habib	1	2,493,314	6.23%
Mrs. Atiqa Begum	1	2,419,500	6.05%
Dr. Howard J. Synenberg	1	2,240,753	5.60%
Mrs. Nishat G. Habib	1	2,137,233	5.34%
TOTAL		31,212,000	78.03%

STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE WITH LISTED COMPANIES (CODE OF CORPORATE GOVERNANCE) REGULATIONS, 2019

Habib Rice Products Ltd. Year Ended June 30, 2022

The Company has complied with the requirements of the Regulations in the following manner:

1. The total number of Directors are 8 as per the following:

a. Male: 6 b. Female: 2

2. The composition of board is as follows:

Category Names

i. Independent Director Mr. Daniyal Ghani

Dr. Howard J. Synenberg Mr. Asad R. Premjee

ii. Non-Executive Directors Mr. Gaffar A. Habib

iii. Executive Directors Mr. Owais G. Habib

Mr. Tufail Y. Habib

iv. Non-Executive Female Directors Ms. Fatemah G. Habib

Dr. Salma Habib

- The Directors have confirmed that none of them is serving as a director on more than seven listed Companies, including this Company;
- The Company has prepared a "Code of Conduct" and has ensured that appropriate steps have been taken to disseminate it throughout the company along with its supporting policies and procedures;
- The Board has developed a vision/mission statement, overall corporate strategy and significant policies of the Company. The
 Board has ensured that complete record of particulars of the significant policies along with their date of approval or updating
 is maintained by the company;
- All the powers of the Board have been duly exercised and decisions on relevant matters have been taken by the Board / shareholders as empowered by the relevant provisions of the Act and these Regulations;
- 7. The meetings of the Board were presided over by the Chairman and, in his absence, by a director elected by the Board for this purpose. The Board has complied with the requirements of Act and the Regulations with respect to frequency, recording and circulating minutes of meeting of the Board;
- The Board have a formal policy and transparent procedures for remuneration of directors in accordance with the Act and these Regulations;
- 9. Four directors have been trained under Directors' Training Program. One director of the Company is exempt from the requirement of Directors' Training Program. Training under Directors' Training Program for one of the director elected last year could not be completed within the prescribed time due to Covid-19 restrictions and is plan to be completed in due course.
- 10. The board has approved appointment of Chief Financial Officer, Company Secretary and Head of Internal Audit, including their remuneration and terms and conditions of employment and complied with relevant requirements of the Regulations;

- 11. Chief Financial Officer and Chief Executive Officer duly endorsed the financial statements before approval of the Board;
- 12. The Board has formed committees comprising of members given below:
 - a) Audit Committee:

Name	Designation
Mr. Gaffar A. Habib Ms. Fatemah G. Habib Dr. Salma Habib Mr. Daniyal Ghani	Member Member Member Chairman

b) HR and Remuneration Committee:

Name	Designation
Mr. Daniyal Ghani Mr. Tufail Y. Habib Ms. Fatemah G. Habib Dr. Salma Habib	Chairman Member Member Member

- 13. The terms of reference of the aforesaid committees have been formed, documented and advised to the committee for compliance;
- 14. The frequency of meetings (quarterly/half yearly/yearly) of the committee were as per following:

a) Audit Committee Quarterlyb) HR and Remuneration Committee Yearly

- 15. The Board has set up an effective internal audit function / or has outsourced the internal audit function to who are considered suitably qualified and experienced for the purpose and are conversant with the policies and procedures of the Company;
- 16. The statutory auditors of the company have confirmed that they have been given a satisfactory rating under the Quality Control Review program of the ICAP and registered with Audit Oversight Board of Pakistan, that they and all their partners are in compliance with International Federation of Accountants (IFAC) guidelines on code of ethics as adopted by the ICAP and that they and the partners of the firm involved in the audit are not a close relative (spouse, parent, dependent and non-dependent children) of the chief executive officer, chief financial officer, head of internal audit, company secretary or director of the company;
- 17. The statutory auditors or the persons associated with them have not been appointed to provide other services except in accordance with the Act, these Regulations or any other regulatory requirement and the auditors have confirmed that they have observed IFAC guidelines in this regard.
- 18. We confirm that all other requirements of the regulations 3, 6, 7, 8, 27, 32, 33 and 36 of the Regulations have been complied with.

OWAIS G. HABIB Chief Executive Officer GAFFAR A. HABIB Chairman

Co. A lange

Karachi: September 05, 2022



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REVIEW REPORT

To the members of Habib Rice Products Limited

Review Report on the Statement of Compliance contained in Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019

We have reviewed the enclosed Statement of Compliance with the Listed Companies (Code of Corporate Governance) Regulations, 2019 (the Regulations) prepared by the Board of Directors of Habib Rice Products Limited (the Company) for the year ended 30 June 2022 in accordance with the requirements of regulation 36 of the Regulations.

The responsibility for compliance with the Regulations is that of the Board of Directors of the Company. Our responsibility is to review whether the Statement of Compliance reflects the status of the Company's compliance with the provisions of the Regulations and report if it does not and to highlight any non-compliance with the requirements of the Regulations. A review is limited primarily to inquiries of the Company's personnel and review of various documents prepared by the Company to comply with the Regulations.

As a part of our audit of the financial statements we are required to obtain an understanding of the accounting and internal control systems sufficient to plan the audit and develop an effective audit approach. We are not required to consider whether the Board of Directors' statement on internal control covers all risks and controls or to form an opinion on the effectiveness of such internal controls, the Company's corporate governance procedures and risks.

The Regulations require the Company to place before the Audit Committee, and upon recommendation of the Audit Committee, place before the Board of Directors for their review and approval, its related party transactions. We are only required and have ensured compliance of this requirement to the extent of the approval of the related party transactions by the Board of Directors upon recommendation of the Audit Committee.

Based on our review, nothing has come to our attention which causes us to believe that the Statement of Compliance does not appropriately reflect the Company's compliance, in all material respects, with the requirements contained in the Regulations as applicable to the Company for the year ended 30 June 2022.

EY Ford Rhodes

Chartered Accountants

Ex Fore Rhors

Place: Karachi

Date: 09 September 2022 UDIN: CR202210078zFs2buXVp

A member firm of Ernst & Young Global Limited



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the members of Habib Rice Products Limited

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the annexed financial statements of **Habib Rice Products Limited** (the Company), which comprise the statement of financial position as at **June 30**, **2022**, and the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity, the statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, and we state that we have obtained all the information and explanations which, to the best of our knowledge and belief, were necessary for the purposes of the audit.

In our opinion and to the best of our information and according to the explanations given to us, the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes forming part thereof conform with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and give the information required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017), in the manner so required and respectively give a true and fair view of the state of the Company's affairs as at June 30, 2022 and of the profit, other comprehensive income, the changes in equity and its cash flows for the year then ended.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with International Standards on Auditing (ISAs) as applicable in Pakistan. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Company in accordance with the International Ethics Standards Board for Accountants' Code of Ethics for Professional Accountants as adopted by the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (the Code) and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the Code. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Key Audit Matter

Key audit matters are those matters that, in our professional judgment, were of most significance in our audit of the financial statements of the current period. These matters were addressed in the context of our audit of the financial statements as a whole, and in forming our opinion thereon, and we do not provide a separate opinion on these matters.

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Following is the Key audit matter:

Key audit matter

How our audit addressed the Key audit matter

1. Existence and valuation of Stock-in-trade

As at reporting date, the Company held stock-intrade amounting to Rs. 249,215,844 which constitutes 17.73% of total assets, as disclosed in note 13 to the financial statements.

As described in note 7.7 to the financial statements, stock-in-trade is measured at lower of cost and Net Realizable Value (NRV). The cost of finished goods is determined at average manufacturing cost including a proportion of production overheads. Judgements are required to determine the appropriate basis for costing and its valuation.

Given the significance of the amount involved and the level of judgements and estimates required to value the stock-in-trade, we have identified valuation of stock-in-trade as a key audit matter. Our key audit procedures in this area amongst others included the following:

- Obtained an understanding of the Company's valuation process for stock-intrade and tested controls relevant to such process.
- Tested the calculations of per unit cost of finished goods and assessed the appropriateness of management's basis for the allocation of cost and production overheads.
- Tested the NRV of the stock-in-trade by performing a review of sales close to and subsequent to the year end and comparing with the cost for a sample of products.
- Observed physical stock count activities to ascertain the condition and existence of stock-in-trade, performed testing on a sample of items to assess their NRV and evaluated the adequacy of NRV adjustment for stock-in-trade as at the year end.
- Assessed the adequacy of the related disclosures in accordance with the applicable financial reporting standards.

Information Other than the Financial Statements and Auditor's Report Thereon

Management is responsible for the other information. The other information comprises the information included in the Annual Report, but does not include the financial statements and our auditor's report thereon.

Our opinion on the financial statements does not cover the other information and we do not express any form of assurance conclusion thereon.

In connection with our audit of the financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and, in doing so, consider whether the other information is materially inconsistent with the financial statements or our knowledge obtained in the audit or otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work we have performed, we conclude that there is a material misstatement of this other information, we are required to report that fact. We have nothing to report in this regard.

Responsibilities of Management and Board of Directors for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan and the requirements of Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.



In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Company or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

The board of directors are responsible for overseeing the Company's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with ISAs as applicable in Pakistan, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due
 to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain
 audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of
 not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from
 error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the
 override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
 procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an
 opinion on the effectiveness of the Company's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of
 accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists
 related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Company's ability to
 continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to
 draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if
 such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit
 evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions
 may cause the Company to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including
 the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and
 events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with the board of directors regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

We also provide the board of directors with a statement that we have complied with relevant ethical requirements regarding independence, and to communicate with them all relationships and other matters that may reasonably be thought to bear on our independence, and where applicable, related safeguards.

EYE



From the matters communicated with the board of directors, we determine those matters that were of most significance in the audit of the financial statements of the current period and are therefore the key audit matters. We describe these matters in our auditor's report unless law or regulation precludes public disclosure about the matter or when, in extremely rare circumstances, we determine that a matter should not be communicated in our report because the adverse consequences of doing so would reasonably be expected to outweigh the public interest benefits of such communication.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

Based on our audit, we further report that in our opinion:

- a) proper books of account have been kept by the Company as required by the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017);
- the statement of financial position, the statement of profit or loss, the statement of comprehensive income, the statement of changes in equity and the statement of cash flows together with the notes thereon have been drawn up in conformity with the Companies Act, 2017 (XIX of 2017) and are in agreement with the books of account and returns;
- investments made, expenditure incurred and guarantees extended during the year were for the purpose of the Company's business; and
- d) zakat deductible at source under the Zakat and Ushr Ordinance, 1980 (XVIII of 1980), was deducted by the Company and deposited in the Central Zakat Fund established under section 7 of that Ordinance.

The engagement partner on the audit resulting in this independent auditor's report is Riaz A. Rehman Chamdia.

EY Ford PR

Place: Karachi

Date: 09 September 2022 UDIN: AR202210078ClgDHiZAR



STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION AS AT JUNE 30, 2022

	NOTE	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
ASSETS			
NON-CURRENT ASSETS Property, plant and equipment Right-of-use assets Long-term deposits Deferred taxation	8 9 10 11	574,866,874 15,105,720 26,490,870 20,767,749 637,231,213	576,834,849 4,922,349 26,490,870 33,328,539 641,576,607
CURRENT ASSETS Stores, spare parts and loose tools Stock-in-trade Trade debts Loans and advances Trade deposits, prepayments and other receivable Sales tax receivable Short-term investments Taxation - net Cash and bank balances	12 13 14 15 16 17	115,259,887 249,215,844 53,940,972 15,207,741 4,412,196 - 157,972,905 63,457,758 108,829,391 768,296,694 1,405,527,907	83,684,342 227,257,878 20,868 5,703,924 4,419,614 11,944,668 305,712,268 60,770,298 133,562,359 833,076,219 1,474,652,826
EQUITY AND LIABILITIES			
SHARE CAPITAL AND RESERVES			
Authorised capital			
60,000,000 (2021: 60,000,000) ordinary shares of Rs. 5/- ea	ach	300,000,000	300,000,000
Issued, subscribed and paid-up capital Reserves	19	200,000,000 728,783,376	200,000,000 764,699,028
NON-CURRENT LIABILITIES Lease liabilities Provision for Gas Infrastructure Development Cess	20 21	928,783,376 - 39,714,581 39,714,581	964,699,028 219,341 76,239,416 76,458,757
CURRENT LIABILITIES Current maturity of lease liabilities Current maturity of Gas Infrastructure Development Cess Trade and other payables Provision for gas rate revision Unclaimed and unpaid dividend	20 21 22 23 24	10,937,673 171,662,624 136,073,289 79,522,905 38,833,459 437,029,950 1,405,527,907	476,140 130,900,226 184,444,499 86,150,001 31,524,175 433,495,041 1,474,652,826
CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS	25	1,100,021,001	1,111,002,020

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

OWAIS G. HABIB Chief Executive Officer JAMSHED ALI KHAN Chief Financial Officer



STATEMENT OF PROFIT OR LOSS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	NOTE	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
Turnover - net	26	1,919,657,376	1,772,259,303
Cost of sales	27	(1,476,733,396)	(1,348,613,817)
Gross profit		442,923,980	423,645,486
Distribution costs	28	(201,058,381)	(107,140,901)
Administrative expenses	29	(124,707,711)	(105,491,302)
Other expenses	30	(21,975,435)	(17,371,213)
Other income	31	34,478,903	39,810,920
Finance costs	32	(16,350,710)	(10,079,567)
Gain on remeasurement of provision for GIDC - net		8,540,769	28,366,750
Profit before taxation		121,851,415	251,740,173
Taxation	33	(37,767,067)	(1,721,939)
Profit for the year		84,084,348	250,018,234
Earnings per share	34	2.10	6.25

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

OWAIS G. HABIB Chief Executive Officer JAMSHED ALI KHAN Chief Financial Officer



STATEMENT OF OTHER COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

2022 2021 RUPEES RUPEES

Profit for the year 84,084,348 250,018,234

Other comprehensive income - -

Total comprehensive income for the year 84,084,348 250,018,234

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

OWAIS G. HABIB Chief Executive Officer

JAMSHED ALI KHAN Chief Financial Officer

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN EQUITY FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	Issued, Reserves					
Particulars	subscribed and paid -up capital	Capital Revenue reserves reserves			Total Reserves	Total
	Capital	Share premium	General reserve	Unappropriated profit	110001100	Equity
	-		Rι	ipees		
As at June 30, 2020	200,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	654,680,794	714,680,794	914,680,794
Final dividend @ 60% for the year ended						
June 30, 2020	-			(120,000,000)	(120,000,000)	(120,000,000)
Interim dividend @ 40% for the year ended June 30, 2021			_	(80,000,000)	(80,000,000)	(80,000,000)
Profit for the year	_			250,018,234	250,018,234	250,018,234
Other comprehensive income	_		_	-	-	-
Total comprehensive income for the year	-	-	-	250,018,234	250,018,234	250,018,234
As at June 30, 2021	200,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	704,699,028	764,699,028	964,699,028
Final dividend @ 60% for the year ended						
June 30, 2021	-	-		(120,000,000)	(120,000,000)	(120,000,000)
Profit for the year	-	-	-	84,084,348	84,084,348	84,084,348
Other comprehensive income	_		-		_	_
Total comprehensive income for the year	•	•	-	84,084,348	84,084,348	84,084,348
As at June 30, 2022	200,000,000	10,000,000	50,000,000	668,783,376	728,783,376	928,783,376

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

OWAIS G. HABIB Chief Executive Officer JAMSHED ALI KHAN Chief Financial Officer



STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

	NOTE	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
Cash generated from operations	35	11,506,630	350,344,650
Finance costs paid		(3,012,885)	(3,368,166)
Taxes paid / received		(27,893,737)	25,399,918
Long-term deposits - net			(6,361,110)
Net cash (used in) / generated from operating activities		(19,399,992)	366,015,292
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES			
Short-term investments - net		39,320,371	154,903,834
Capital expenditure		(50,125,180)	(223,440,408)
Profit on term deposit receipts and interest on savings accounts received Dividend income on listed equity securities and		12,028,133	46,799,704
mutual fund units received	31	16,986,822	14,232,369
Proceeds from disposal of operating fixed assets		-	109,000
Net cash generated from / (used in) investing activities		18,210,146	(7,395,501)
CASH FLOWS FROM FINANCING ACTIVITIES		[,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	[//22 / 22 2 / 2]
Dividend paid	22.4	(112,690,716)	(189,162,810)
Lease rentals paid	20.1	(10,852,406)	(10,143,961)
Net cash used in financing activities		(123,543,122)	(199,306,771)
Net (decrease) / increase in cash and cash equivalents		(124,732,968)	159,313,020
Cash and cash equivalents at the beginning of the year	26	233,816,809	74,503,789
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of the year	36	109,083,841	233,816,809

The annexed notes from 1 to 44 form an integral part of these financial statements.

OWAIS G. HABIBChief Executive Officer

JAMSHED ALI KHAN Chief Financial Officer

NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2022

1. THE COMPANY AND ITS OPERATIONS

Habib Rice Products Limited (the Company) is a public company limited by shares, incorporated in Pakistan on July 10, 1980 and is listed on the Pakistan Stock Exchange. The Company is engaged in the production of rice based starch sugar and proteins. The registered office of the Company is situated at 2nd Floor, UBL Building, I.I Chundrigar Road, Karachi, Sindh.

2. GEOGRAPHICAL LOCATION AND ADDRESS OF BUSINESS UNITS / PLANT

Location	Purpose	Covered area
Plot # A-25, A-26, A-27 Quetta Industrial Area and Trading Estate, Quetta, Baluchistan	Leasehold land	1.21 acres
Hub Industrial Area, District Lasbela, Baluchistan	Leasehold land	42 acres
Hub Industrial Area, District Lasbela, Baluchistan	Production plant	32 acres
Khayaban e Muhafiz, Phase 6, Pakistan Defence Officers Housing Authority, Karachi, Sindh	Admin office	-
Plot # 92, New Anaj Mandi, Miro Khan Road, Quetta Road, Larkana, Sindh	Warehouse	0.0436 acres
House # 4F, 7/3 Nazimabad # 4 near Hadi Market, Karachi, Sindh	Sales office and warehouse	-
Plot # S/42, SITE, Karachi, Sindh	Leasehold land	1 Acre

3. STATEMENT OF COMPLIANCE

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with the accounting and reporting standards as applicable in Pakistan. The accounting and reporting standards applicable in Pakistan comprise:

- International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) issued by the International Accounting Standards Board (IASB) as notified under the Companies Act, 2017 (the Act);
- Provisions of and directives issued under the Act.

Where provisions of and directives issued under the Act differ from the IFRS, the provisions of and directives issued under the Act, have been followed.

4. BASIS OF MEASUREMENT

These financial statements have been prepared under the historical cost convention except as disclosed in the relevant accounting policies.

5. NEW STANDARDS, AMENDMENTS, IMPROVEMENTS TO APPROVED ACCOUNTING STANDARDS AND THE FRAMEWORK FOR FINANCIAL REPORTING

5.1. Adoption of amendments to approved accounting standards effective during the year

The accounting policies adopted in the preparation of these financial statements are consistent with those of the previous financial year, except as described below:

Amendments to approved accounting standards

IFRS 9, IAS 39, IFRS 7, IFRS 4 and IFRS 16 - Interest Rate Benchmark Reform (Amendments)

IFRS 16 - Covid-19-Related Rent Concessions beyond 30 June 2021 (Amendments)

The adoption of the above amendments to the approved accounting standards did not have any material effect on the Company's financial statements.

5.2. Standards, amendments and improvements to approved accounting standards that are not yet effective

The following standards, amendments and improvements to approved accounting standards as applicable in Pakistan would be effective from the dates mentioned below against the respective standards, amendments or improvements:

Amendment	or improvement	Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)
IFRS 3	Reference to the Conceptual Framework (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 16	Property, Plant and Equipment: Proceeds before Intended Use (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 37	Onerous Contracts – Costs of Fulfilling a Contract (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 1	Classification of Liabilities as Current or Non-current (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 1	Disclosure of Accounting Policies (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 8	Definition of Accounting Estimates (Amendments)	January 01, 2023
IAS 12	Deferred tax related to Assets and Liabilities arisin from a single transaction (Amendments)	g January 01, 2023
IFRS 10 / IAS 28	Sale or Contribution of Assets between an Investo and its Associate or Joint Venture (Amendment)	r Not yet finalized

Effective date (annual periods beginning on or after)

Improvements to accounting standards issued by the IASB (2018-2020 cycle)

IFRS 9	Financial Instruments – Fees in the '10 percent' test for derecognition of financial liabilities	January 01, 2022
IAS 41	Agriculture – Taxation in fair value measurements	January 01, 2022
IFRS 16	Leases: Lease incentives	January 01, 2022

The above amendments and improvements to the approved accounting standards are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Further, the following new standards have been issued by IASB which are yet to be notified by the SECP for the purpose of applicability in Pakistan and are not expected to have any material impact on the Company's financial statements in the period of initial application.

Standard or interpretation

IFRS 1	First-time Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards	01 January 2004
IFRS 17	Insurance Contracts	01 January 2023

6. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING JUDGMENTS, ESTIMATES AND ASSUMPTIONS

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with approved accounting standards requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Company's accounting policies. Estimates and judgments are continually evaluated and are based on historic experience and other factors, including expectations of future events that are believed to be reasonable under the circumstances. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimate is revised and in any future periods affected.

- depreciation method, residual values and useful lives of operating fixed assets (note 7.1.1 and 8.1)
- depreciation method, residual values and useful lives of right-of-use assets (note 7.2 and 9)
- impairment of non-financial and financial assets (note 7.3 and 7.4.3)
- provision for slow moving and obsolete stores, spare parts and loose tools and stock-in-trade (note 7.6 and 7.7)

- taxation (note 7.18, 11 and 33)
- contingencies (note 25)
- leases (note 7.14 and 7.15)
- provisions (note 7.13)

7. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all years presented, unless otherwise stated.

7.1 Property, plant and equipment

7.1.1 Operating fixed assets

These are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment losses, if any, except for leasehold land which is stated at cost.

Depreciation on operating fixed assets is charged to the statement of profit or loss applying the reducing balance method at the rates specified in note 8.1 to the financial statements. Depreciation on additions is charged from the quarter in which addition is made and in case of disposal up to the quarter preceding the disposal. Maintenance and normal repairs are charged to the statement of profit or loss as and when incurred, while major renewals and improvements are capitalised when it is probable that respective future economic benefits will flow to the entity. Gains or losses on disposals of operating fixed assets, if any, are included in the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

The carrying values of assets are reviewed for impairment when events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value may not be recoverable. If any such indication exists and where the carrying values exceed the estimated recoverable amount, the assets or related cash-generating units are written down to their recoverable amount.

7.1.2 Capital work-in-progress

These are stated at cost less accumulated impairment losses, if any. All expenditure connected with specific assets incurred during installation and construction period, including advances are carried under this head. These are transferred to specific assets as and when these assets are available for use.

7.2 Right-of-use assets

The Company recognises right-of-use assets at the commencement date of the lease (i.e., the date the underlying asset is available for use). Right-of-use assets are measured at cost, less any accumulated depreciation and impairment losses, and adjusted for any remeasurement of lease liabilities. The cost of right-of-use assets includes the amount of lease liabilities recognised, initial direct costs incurred, and lease payments made at or before the commencement date less any lease incentives received. Unless the Company

is reasonably certain to obtain ownership of the leased asset at the end of the lease term, the recognised right-of-use assets are depreciated using straight line method over the lease term. Right-of-use assets are subject to impairment. The depreciation rates used are stated in note 9 to the financial statements.

7.3 Impairment of non-financial assets

The carrying amounts of non-financial assets other than inventories and deferred tax assets are assessed at date of statement of financial position to ascertain whether there is any indication of impairment. If such an indication exists, the asset's recoverable amount is estimated to determine the extent of impairment loss, if any. An impairment loss is recognised, as an expense in the statement of profit or loss. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less cost to disposal and value in use. Value in use is ascertained through discounting of the estimated future cash flows using a discount rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risk specific to the assets.

7.4 Financial instruments

A financial instrument is any contract that gives rise to a financial asset of one entity and a financial liability or equity instrument of another entity.

7.4.1 Financial assets

The financial assets of the Company mainly include trade debts, loans, deposits, short-term investments and cash and bank balances.

On initial recognition, a financial asset is classified as measured at: amortised cost; Fair Value through Other Comprehensive Income (FVOCI) – debt investment; FVOCI – equity investment; or Fair Value through Profit or Loss (FVTPL). The classification of financial assets is generally based on the business model in which a financial asset is managed and its contractual cash flow characteristics. Based on the business model of the Company, the financial assets of the Company are measured and classified as follows:

- Short-term investments in listed equity securities and mutual fund units are designated at FVTPL at initial recognition. These are carried in the statement of financial position at fair value with net changes in fair value recognised in the statement of profit or loss.
- Trade debts and other financial assets are measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method less an allowance for expected credit losses, if any.

7.4.2 Financial liabilities

All financial liabilities are recognised initially at fair value and, in the case of payables, net of directly attributable transaction costs. For the purpose of subsequent measurement financial liabilities are either classified at amortised cost or fair value through profit or loss. The Company does not have any financial liability at fair value through profit or loss.

7.4.3 Impairment of financial assets

The Company recognises an allowance for Expected Credit Losses (ECLs) for all debts instruments not held at fair value through profit or loss.

ECLs are based on the difference between the contractual cash flows due in accordance with the contract and all the cash flows that the Company expects to receive. The shortfall is then discounted at an approximation to the asset's original effective interest rate. The expected cash flows will include cash flows from the sale of collateral held or other credit enhancements that are integral to the contractual terms.

A financial asset is written off when there is no reasonable expectation of recovering the contractual cash flows. However, in certain cases, the Company may also consider a financial asset to be in default when internal or external information indicates that the Company is unlikely to receive the outstanding contractual amounts in full before taking into account any credit enhancements held by the Company.

At each date of statement of financial position, the Company assesses whether financial assets are credit-impaired. A financial asset is 'credit-impaired' when one or more events that have a detrimental impact on the estimated future cash flows of the financial asset have occurred. Loss allowances for financial assets measured at amortised cost are deducted from the gross carrying amount of the respective asset.

The Company uses the standard's simplified approach and calculates ECLs based on life time ECLs on its financial assets. The Company has established a provision matrix that is based on the Company's historical credit loss experience, adjusted for forward-looking factors specific to the financial assets and the economic environment.

7.5 Offsetting of financial instruments

Financial assets and financial liabilities are offset and the net amount is reported in the statement of financial position if there is a currently enforceable legal right to offset the recognised amounts and there is an intention to settle on a net basis, to realise the assets and settle the liabilities simultaneously.

7.6 Stores, spare parts and loose tools

These are stated at cost determined on weighted average basis less provision for slow moving and obsolete items. Goods-in-transit are stated at invoice price plus other charges incurred thereon up to the date of the statement of financial position.

Stores, spare parts and loose tools are regularly reviewed by the management and provision is created for any slow moving and obsolete items to bring down to their cost to its Net Realisable Value (NRV).

7.7 Stock-in-trade

Stock-in-trade, except goods-in-transit, is stated at the lower of NRV and cost determined as follows:

- Raw and packing material Purchase cost and other direct expenses on weighted average basis;
- Work-in-process Cost of direct material plus conversion cost valued on the basis of equivalent production units;
- Finished goods Cost of direct material, labour and proportion of manufacturing overheads;

Stock-in-transit is valued at purchase price, freight value and other charges incurred thereon up to the date of the statement of financial position.

NRV signifies the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business less the estimated costs of completion and the estimated costs necessary to make the sale.

Provision, if required is made in the financial statements for slow moving, obsolete and unusable items to bring their carrying value down to NRV.

7.8 Trade debts, loans, deposits and short-term investments in term deposits receipts

Trade debts, loans, deposits short-term investments in term deposits receipts are stated initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest rate method. Allowance is made on the basis of lifetime expected credit losses (ECLs) that result from all possible default events over the expected life of the trade debts, loans, deposits and short-term investments in term deposits receipts. Bad debts, if any, are written off when considered irrecoverable.

7.9 Investments at fair value through profit or loss

Financial assets that are acquired principally for the purpose of generating profit from short-term fluctuation in prices are classified as 'financial assets at fair value through profit or loss' category.

These investments are initially recognized at fair value, relevant transaction costs are taken directly to the statement of profit or loss and subsequently measured at fair value. Net gains and losses arising on changes in fair value of these financial assets are taken to the statement of profit or loss in the period in which they arise.

7.10 Cash and cash equivalents

These are stated at cost. For the purpose of statement of cash flows, cash and cash equivalents comprise of cash in hand, bank balances and short-term investments in term deposits receipts with a maturity of three months from the date of statement of financial position.

7.11 Employee retirement benefits – defined contribution plan

A defined contribution plan is a plan under which the Company pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Company has no legal and constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due.

The Company operates a recognised provident fund scheme for all its employees who are eligible for the scheme in accordance with the Company's policy. Contributions in respect thereto are made at the rate of 8.33 percent of employees monthly basic salaries as per the terms of the scheme.

7.12 Trade and other payables

Liabilities for trade and other amounts payable are carried at cost which is the fair value of the consideration to be paid in the future for goods and services received whether or not billed to the Company.

7.13 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when the Company has a present, legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events and it is probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation and a reliable estimate of the amount can be made. Provisions are reviewed at each reporting date and adjusted to reflect the current best estimate.

7.14 Lease liabilities

The Company assesses at contract inception whether a contract is, or contains, a lease, i.e. if the contract conveys the right to control the use of an identified asset for a period of time in exchange for consideration.

The Company applies a single recognition and measurement approach for all leases, except for short-term leases. The Company recognises lease liabilities to make lease payments and right-of-use assets representing the right to use the underlying assets.

At the commencement date of the lease, the Company recognises lease liabilities measured at the present value of lease payments to be made over the lease term. The lease payments include fixed payments (including in-substance fixed payments) less any lease incentives receivable, variable lease payments that depend on an index or a rate, and amounts expected to be paid under residual value guarantees. The lease payments also include the exercise price of a purchase option reasonably certain to be exercised by the Company and payments of penalties for terminating a lease, if the lease term reflects the Company exercising the option to terminate. The variable lease payments that do not depend on an index or a rate are recognised as expense in the period on which the event or condition that triggers the payment occurs.

In calculating the present value of lease payments, the Company uses the incremental borrowing rate at the commencement date of the lease if the interest rate implicit in the lease is not readily determinable. After the commencement date, the amount of lease liabilities is increased to reflect the accretion of interest and reduced for the lease payments made. In addition, the carrying amount of lease liabilities is remeasured if there is a modification, a change in the lease term, a change in the in-substance fixed lease payments or a change in the assessment to purchase the underlying asset.

7.15 Short-term leases and leases of low value assets

The Company applies the short-term lease recognition exemption to its short-term leases (i.e., those leases that have a lease term of 12 months or less from the commencement date and do not contain a purchase option). It also applies the lease of low-value assets recognition exemption to leases that are considered of low value. Lease payments on short-term leases and leases of low-value assets are recognised as expense on a straight-line basis over the lease term.

7.16 Contract liabilities

A contract liability is the obligation to transfer goods or services to a customer for which the Company has received consideration (or an amount of consideration is due) from the customer. If a customer pays consideration before the Company transfers goods or services to the customer, a contract liability is recognised when the payment is made or the payment is due (whichever is earlier). Contract liabilities are recognised as revenue when the Company performs under the contract.

7.17 Revenue recognition

Revenue is measured at fair value of the consideration received or receivable and is recognised on the following basis:

- Revenue from sale of goods is recognised when or as control of goods have been transferred to a customer at a point in time, when the performance obligations are met:
- Interest on short-term investments in term deposits receipts and savings accounts is recognised on effective interest rate method;
- Dividend income is recognised when the right to receive such payment is established; and
- Other income is recognised on accrual basis

7.18 Taxation

7.18.1 **Current**

Provision for current taxation is based on taxable income at the current rates of taxation after taking into account tax credits and rebates available, if any, or minimum tax on turnover or Alternate Corporate Tax whichever is higher and tax paid on final tax regime basis, in accordance with the provisions of Income Tax Ordinance, 2001.

7.18.2 Deferred

Deferred tax is provided in full using the balance sheet liability method on all temporary differences arising at the reporting date, between the tax bases of the assets and the liabilities and their carrying amounts.

Deferred tax liabilities are recognised for all taxable temporary differences and deferred tax assets are recognised for all deductible temporary differences, unused tax losses and unused tax credits to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which these can be utilised.

Deferred tax is calculated at the rates that are expected to apply to the period when the differences reverse, based on tax rates that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the reporting date. In this regard, the effects on deferred taxation of the portion of income expected to be subject to final tax regime is adjusted in accordance with the requirement of Accounting Technical Release - 27 of the Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan.

7.19 Dividends and appropriations to reserves

Dividends and appropriations to reserves are recognised in the financial statements in the period in which these are approved. Transfer between reserves made subsequent to the statement of financial position date is considered as a non-adjusting event and is recognised in the financial statements in the period in which such transfers are made.

7.20 Functional and presentation currency

These financial statements are presented in Pakistan Rupees (Pak. Rupee) which is the Company's functional and presentation currency.

7.21 Foreign currency transactions

Transactions denominated in foreign currencies are recorded on initial recognition in Pak. Rupees, by applying to the foreign currency amount the exchange rate ruling at the date of the transaction. Monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are retranslated into Pak. Rupees equivalents using the exchange rate at the reporting date. Exchange differences are included in the statement of profit or loss.

7.22 Operating segments

For management purposes, the activities of the Company are organized into one operating segment i.e., production of rice based starch sugar and proteins. The Company operates in the said reportable operating segment based on the nature of the products, risks and returns, organizational and management structure, and internal financial reporting systems. Accordingly, the figures reported in the financial statements are related to the Company's only reportable segment.

7.23 Earnings per share

The Company presents basic and diluted Earnings Per Share (EPS) data for its ordinary shares. Basic EPS is calculated by dividing the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding during the period. Diluted EPS is determined by adjusting the profit or loss attributable to ordinary shareholders and the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding adjusted for the effects of all dilutive potential ordinary shares.

7.24 Contingent liabilities

A contingent liability is disclosed when the Company has a possible obligation as a result of past events, whose existence will be confirmed only by the occurrence or non-occurrence, of one or more uncertain future events not wholly within the control of the Company; or the Company has a present legal or constructive obligation that arises from past events, but it is not probable that an outflow of resources embodying economic benefits will be required to settle the obligation, or the amount of obligation cannot be measured with sufficient reliability.

		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
8.	PROPERTY, PLANT AND EQUIPMENT			
	Operating fixed assets	8.1	573,192,421	367,820,889
	Capital work-in-progress	8.3	1,674,453	209,013,960
			574,866,874	576,834,849

8.1 Operating fixed assets

		COST			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION		
2022	As at July 01, 2021	Additions	Disposals	As at June 30, 2022	As at July 01, 2021	Charge for the year	On Disposals	As at June 30, 2022	As at June 30, 2022	Rate
					Rupees					
Leasehold land	51,205,696	-	-	51,205,696	-	-	-	-	51,205,696	-
Buildings on freehold land:										
- Factory building	105,438,096	14,198,931	-	119,637,027	88,984,939	2,683,503	-	91,668,442	27,968,585	10%
- Factory office	7,086,750	-	-	7,086,750	3,187,031	194,984	-	3,382,015	3,704,735	5%
- Pavement and ponds	9,303,700	-	-	9,303,700	5,884,470	170,960	-	6,055,430	3,248,270	5%
Larkana office premises	759,358	-	-	759,358	536,084	11,164	-	547,248	212,110	5%
Plant and machinery	882,617,745	240,421,259	-	1,123,039,004	613,435,157	44,471,187	-	657,906,344	465,132,660	10%
Furniture and fixtures	5,709,207	440,789	-	6,149,996	4,312,734	167,939	-	4,480,673	1,669,323	10%
Tubewell	175,000	-	-	175,000	159,238	1,576	-	160,814	14,186	10%
Office and electrical										
equipment	5,214,241	-	-	5,214,241	4,452,980	54,048	-	4,507,028	707,213	10%
Computers	6,559,468	419,052	-	6,978,520	5,387,272	506,353	-	5,893,625	1,084,895	30%
Laboratory equipment	7,968,945	-	-	7,968,945	5,160,978	288,596	-	5,449,574	2,519,371	10%
Vehicles	95,182,536	1,984,656	-	97,167,192	77,992,708	3,537,197	-	81,529,905	15,637,287	20%
Boat	415,000	-	-	415,000	408,577	1,284	-	409,861	5,139	20%
Warehouse	218,996	-	-	218,996	131,681	4,364	-	136,045	82,951	5%
	1,177,854,738	2,844,497		1,435,319,425	810,033,849	52,093,155		862,127,004	573,192,421	
		254,620,190 *								

 $^{{}^{\}star}\textsc{Represents}$ transfer from capital work-in-progress to operating fixed assets.

		COST			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			ACCUMULATED DEPRECIATION			NET BOOK VALUE	
2021	As at July 01, 2020	Additions	Disposals	As at June 30, 2021	As at July 01, 2020	Charge for the year	On Disposals	As at June 30, 2021	As at June 30, 2021	Rate		
					Rupees							
Leasehold land	51,205,696	-	-	51,205,696	-	-	-	-	51,205,696	-		
Buildings on freehold land:												
- Factory building	105,438,096	-	-	105,438,096	87,156,811	1,828,128	-	88,984,939	16,453,157	10%		
- Factory office	7,086,750	-	-	7,086,750	2,981,783	205,248	-	3,187,031	3,899,719	5%		
- Pavement and ponds	9,303,700	-	-	9,303,700	5,704,510	179,960	-	5,884,470	3,419,230	5%		
Larkana office premises	759,358	-	-	759,358	524,332	11,752	-	536,084	223,274	5%		
Plant and machinery	869,951,573	12,666,172	-	882,617,745	584,012,823	29,422,334	-	613,435,157	269,182,588	10%		
Furniture and fixtures	5,433,219	275,988	-	5,709,207	4,160,888	151,846	-	4,312,734	1,396,473	10%		
Tubewell	175,000	-	-	175,000	157,486	1,752	-	159,238	15,762	10%		
"Office and electrical												
equipment"	5,214,241	-	-	5,214,241	4,392,928	60,052	-	4,452,980	761,261	10%		
Computers	5,798,630	760,838	-	6,559,468	5,014,776	372,496	-	5,387,272	1,172,196	30%		
Laboratory equipment	7,541,895	427,050	-	7,968,945	4,840,314	320,664	_	5,160,978	2,807,967	10%		
Vehicles	95,052,598	296,400	(166,462)	95,182,536	73,809,781	4,282,047	(99,120)	77,992,708	17,189,828	20%		
Boat	415,000	-	_	415,000	406,973	1,604	_	408,577	6,423	20%		
Warehouse	218,996	-	-	218,996	127,085	4,596	-	131,681	87,315	5%		
	1,163,594,752	14,426,448	(166,462)	1,177,854,738	773,290,490	36,842,479	(99,120)	810,033,849	367,820,889			



8.2 The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:

		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
	Cost of sales Distribution costs Administrative expenses	27.1 28 29	49,804,924 76,388 	34,237,174 -
8.3	Capital work-in-progress		52,093,155	36,842,479
	At the beginning of the year Capital expenditure incurred / advances		209,013,960	-
	made during the year Transferred to operating fixed assets At the end of the year		47,280,683 (254,620,190) 1,674,453	209,013,960 - 209,013,960
9.	RIGHT-OF-USE ASSETS			
	Cost At the beginning of the year Remeasurement of lease liabilities		23,106,095 20,535,105	23,106,095
	At the end of the year		43,641,200	23,106,095
	Accumulated depreciation At the beginning of the year Charge for the year At the end of the year	9.1	18,183,746 10,351,734 28,535,480	9,091,874 9,091,872 18,183,746
	Net book value at the end of the year		15,105,720	4,922,349
	The been raide at the one of the year		Yea	
	Useful life		2.5 - 3.5	2.5 - 3.5
9.1	The depreciation charge for the year has been allocated as follows:			
	Distribution costs Administrative expenses	28 29	410,628 9,941,106 10,351,734	410,626 8,681,246 9,091,872
10.	LONG-TERM DEPOSITS - unsecured, consi	dered good		
	Security deposits			
	Nazir of High Court of Sindh Others		21,397,689 5,093,181 26,490,870	21,397,689 5,093,181 26,490,870

		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
11.	DEFERRED TAXATION – net			
	Taxable temporary differences arising due to: Accelerated tax depreciation Deductible temporary differences arising due to:		(44,091,044)	(35,796,006)
	Provisions		65,801,605	68,961,177
	Lease liabilities		(942,812) 20,767,749	163,368
				33,328,539
12.	STORES, SPARE PARTS AND LOOSE TOOLS			
	Stores in-hand		58,201,410	36,046,175
	in-transit		58,201,410	9,096,966 45,143,141
	Spare parts		56,342,544	37,847,179
	Loose tools		715,933	694,022
			115,259,887	83,684,342
13.	STOCK-IN-TRADE			
	Raw and packing materials			
	in-hand		162,175,731	140,159,316
	in-transit		-	3,613
	Work-in-process		1,384,112	-
	Finished goods		85,656,001	87,094,949
			249,215,844	227,257,878
14.	TRADE DEBTS – considered good			
	Local - unsecured		1,617,026	20,868
	Foreign - secured	14.1	52,323,946	
			53,940,972	20,868
14.1	Represents export sales. Export sales were made Credit.	e to United	Kingdom under	Letter of
14.2	The aging of unimpaired trade debts is as follo	ows:		
	Neither past due nor impaired:		53,909,384	-
	Past due but not impaired:			
	within 90 days		-	-
	91 - 180 days		31,588	20,868
			31,588	20,868
			53,940,972	20,868



		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
15.	LOANS AND ADVANCES - considered good			
	Loans to:			
	Employees – secured	15.1	-	971,877
	Advances to:			
	Employees – unsecured Suppliers – unsecured		136,378 15,071,363 15,207,741	10,000 4,722,047 5,703,924
15.1	Represents interest free loans given to the employees of the Company in accordance with their employment terms and are secured against the employees' retirement benefits.			
16.	TRADE DEPOSITS, PREPAYMENTS AND OTHER RECEIVABLE			
	Security deposits - unsecured, considered good Prepayments Insurance claim receivable		475,381 2,496,815 1,440,000 4,412,196	1,540,267 2,879,347 - 4,419,614
17.	SHORT-TERM INVESTMENTS		4,412,190	4,419,014
	At amortised cost			
	Term deposit receipts - maturity within 3 months - maturity more than 3 months Accrued profit	17.1	254,450 101,226,680 101,481,130 1,405,409 102,886,539	100,254,450
	At fair value through profit or loss			
	Listed equity securities Mutual fund units - open ended	17.2 17.3 17.4	43,909,558 11,176,808 55,086,366 157,972,905	195,023,284 10,311,620 205,334,904 305,712,268
17.1	1 Term deposits receipts are held with the following:			
	Bank Al Habib Limited Pak Oman Investment Company Limited	17.1.1	254,450 101,226,680 101,481,130	254,450 100,000,000 100,254,450

- **17.1.1** These carry profit at rates ranging from 9.25% to 14.5% (June 30, 2021: 5.50% to 7.30%) per annum and have maturity latest by May 29, 2023.
- **17.2** Represents 756,279 (2021: 2,781,279) fully paid-up ordinary shares of Rs. 58.06 each of Bank Al Habib Limited.
- 17.3 Represents 223,536 (2021: 206,232) units of Meezan Rozana Amdani Fund, having net asset value of Rs. 50 (2021: 50) each at the reporting date.
- **17.4** Net unrealised diminution on remeasurement of investment recognised as financial assets at fair value through profit or loss is as follows:

		2022			2021	
	Market value	Carrying value	Net unrealised loss	Market value	Carrying value	Net unrealised loss
			(R	Rupees)		
Listed equity securities	43,909,558	53,611,045	(9,701,487)	195,023,284	195,251,985	(228,701)
Mutual fund units	11,176,808	11,176,808	-	10,311,620	10,311,620	-
	55,086,366	64,787,853	(9,701,487)	205,334,904	205,563,605	(228,701)

		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
18.	CASH AND BANK BALANCES			
	Cook in board		4.050.000	4.700.000
	Cash in-hand Bank balances		1,659,902	1,706,096
	Current accounts Saving accounts		2,234,296	9,279,660
	Local currency		84,227,619	103,686,619
	Foreign currency		20,707,574	18,889,984
		18.1	104,935,193	122,576,603

18.1 These carry interest at the rates ranging from 5.5% to 14.50% (2021: 5.5% to 6.10%) per annum.

108,829,391 133,562,359

19. ISSUED, SUBSCRIBED AND PAID-UP CAPITAL

2022 **2021** ---Number of Shares---

			Ordinary shares of	f		
			Rs. 5/- each issu	ied as:		
15,00	0,000	15,000,000	fully paid in cash		75,000,000	75,000,000
25,00	0,000	25,000,000	bonus shares		125,000,000	125,000,000
40,00	0,000	40,000,000		19.1	200,000,000	200,000,000

19.1 The shareholders are entitled to receive all distributions including dividends and other entitlements in the form of cash, bonus and right shares as and when declared by the Company. All shares carry one vote per share without restriction.

20. LEASE LIABILITIES

20.1

The Company has lease contracts for the admin office premises and a warehouse. These leases generally have lease terms between 2.5 to 3.5 years. The Company is bound by certain covenants which includes but are not limited to payment of certain taxes and to exercise reasonable care. The rate of interest used as the discounting factor is 1 month's KIBOR plus 1.5 percent (2021: 1 month's KIBOR plus 2.5 percent).

	Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
Lease liabilities		10,937,673	695,481
Current maturity of lease liabilities	20.1	(10,937,673)	(476,140) 219,341
Movement of lease liabilities is as follows:			
At the beginning of the year		695,481	10,289,676
Remeasurement of lease liabilities	00	20,535,105	-
Accretion of interest	32	559,493	549,766
Lease rentals paid		(10,852,406)	(10,143,961)
At the end of the year		10,937,673	695,481
Current maturity of lease liabilities		(10,937,673)	(476,140)
			219.341

20.2 The amount of future minimum lease payments, together with the present value of the minimum lease payments, and the periods during which they fall due are as follows:

	20)22	2	021
	Lease payments	Present value of lease payments	Lease payments	Present value of lease payments
		(Rupe	ees)	
Within one year Later than one year but not	11,564,921	10,937,673	528,000	476,140
later than five years	-	-	220,000	219,341
Total lease payments	11,564,921	10,937,673	748,000	695,481
Finance charges allocated				
to future periods	(627,248)	-	(52,519)	-
Present value of lease payments	10,937,673	10,937,673	695,481	695,481
Current maturity	(10,937,673)	(10,937,673)	(476,140)	(476,140)
	-		219,341	219,341



	2022	2021
Note	RUPEES	RUPEES

2022

21. PROVISION FOR GAS INFRASTRUCTURE DEVELOPMENT CESS

At the beginning of the year Provision		207,139,642	198,527,294 30,817,463
Derecognition of existing provision	21.1	- ((179,806,966)
	21.2	207,139,642	49,537,791
Recognition of new provision at present value		-	147,736,826
Unwinding of finance cost	32	12,778,332	6,161,635
		219,917,974	203,436,252
(Gain) / loss on remeasurement of			
provision at year end		(8,540,769)	3,703,390
		211,377,205	207,139,642
Current maturity	21.2	(171,662,624)	(130,900,226)
		39,714,581	76,239,416

21.1 The Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan on August 13, 2020 decided the Gas Infrastructure Development Cess (GIDC) case and held that the levy of GIDC under the GIDC Act 2015 is constitutional. The Apex Court further stated that all industrial and commercial entities which consume natural gas pass on the burden to their customers, have to pay the GIDC that became due up to July 31, 2020.

Subsequent to the Order passed by the Apex Court, the Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGC) issued GIDC bill to the Company being to the Company the first instalment of total aggregate demand amounting to Rs. 229.34 million, which was later revised to Rs. 179.80 million pursuant to the decision of Honourable High Court of Sindh (HCS) (note 21.2), to be recovered in 48 monthly instalments.

The above demand of the SSGC was not acknowledged as liability by the Company as the Company contends that it had not passed the burden to its customers / clients. The Company filed an appeal before the Honourable HCS on the ground that no burden of GIDC had been passed to its customers / clients and thus the Company is not liable to pay GIDC under GIDC Act 2015.

The HCS has granted stay vide order dated September 18, 2020 against the aforementioned demand raised by the SSGC and restrained the SSGC to take any coercive action.

However, as a matter of abundant caution and without prejudice to the suit filed, the Company as required by IAS 37 'Provisions, Contingent Liabilities and Contingent Assets', during the period, has re-measured the existing provision for GIDC amounting to Rs. 219.92 million at the present value of future cashflows amounting to Rs. 211.38 million (including current maturity of Rs. 171.67 million) resulting in remeasurement gain on discounting of provision for GIDC amounting to Rs. 8.54 million recorded in the statement of profit or loss for the year.

21.2 Pursuant to the decision of Honourable HCS, a provision of Rs. 49.54 million in respect of the differential of GIDC captive power rate and the GIDC being charged at the industrial rate has been maintained in full by the Company.



		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
22.	TRADE AND OTHER PAYABLES			
	Creditors Accrued liabilities Contract liabilities Workers' Welfare Fund Workers' Profit Participation Fund Sales tax payable	22.1 22.2 22.3	11,008,941 45,370,760 50,065,486 13,972,011 - 15,656,091 136,073,289	11,165,113 54,887,756 103,498,730 12,478,038 1,996,425 418,437 184,444,499

22.1 Represents advance received from various customers. Revenue recognised during the year from amounts included in contract liabilities at the beginning of the year amounted to Rs. 96.81 million (2021: Rs. 31.19 million).

22.2 Movements in the balance is as follows:

At the beginning of the year		12,478,038	7,919,397
Charge for the year	30	2,312,461	4,558,641
Payments during the year		(818,488)	-
At the end of the year		13,972,011	12,478,038

22.3 Movements in the balance is as follows:

At the beginning of the year		1,996,425	618,462
Charge for the year	30	7,003,575	11,996,425
Payments during the year		(9,000,000)	(10,618,462)
At the end of the year			1,996,425

23. PROVISION FOR GAS RATE REVISION

In August 2015, Sui Southern Gas Company Limited (SSGC) increased rates of natural gas vide notification No. SRO 876(1)2015 dated August 31, 2015 issued by Oil and Gas Regulatory Authority (OGRA) whereby prices for natural gas for industrial sector were increased from Rs. 488 to Rs. 600 per MMBTU. Whereas those for the captive power sector were increased from Rs. 573 to Rs. 600 per MMBTU and the Companywas subject to charge within both categories. The Company challenged the OGRA notification and filed writ petition in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (HCS). Thereafter, HCS vide its order dated May 18, 2016, decided the case in Company's favor and concluded that the OGRA notification lacks the sanctity of law and it cannot be validated in terms of Section 7 and 8 of the OGRA Ordinance 2002. SSGC filed an appeal in the HCS which was dismissed on August 15, 2017. Subsequently, SSGC has taken the matter to the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan and filed the petition to appeal against the order dated August 15, 2017.

Further, OGRA in suppression of its Notification No. SRO 876(1)2015 dated August 31, 2015, issued notification No. SRO 1185 dated December 30, 2016 notifying the sale price

in respect of natural gas to industrial customers with effect from December 15, 2016 being flat rate of Rs. 600 per MMBTU. The Company challenged the impugned notification dated December 30, 2016 before the HCS. HCS has passed ad-interim orders dated January 20, 2017 suggesting stay on the rates aforementioned, while ordering plaintiffs to deposit the differential amount in terms of impugned notification as security till further orders.

Moreover OGRA in suppression of its notification No. SRO 1185(I)2016 dated December 30, 2016 issued notification dated October 04, 2018 stating that the sale prices and minimum charges in respect of natural gas to industrial customers with effect from September 27, 2018 will be at flat rate of Rs. 780 per MMBTU. The Company challenged the impugned notification dated October 04, 2018 before HCS. However, the Company has under protest paid the bills from October 2018 to December 2019 on increased tariff rate. The HCS in September 2019 dismissed all the petitions challenging the Gas Tariff 2018. However, the Company, along with other companies in the industry, challenged the HCS order and filed a petition in the Honourable Supreme Court of Pakistan which is at the stage of hearing.

Further, OGRA in suppression of its Notification No. SRO 1234(1)2018 dated October 04, 2018, SRO 1284(i) dated October 18, 2018 SRO 1523(i) dated December 14, 2018 and SRO 234(I) 2018 dated February 21, 2019 issued notification SRO 795(I) dated June 29, 2019 which was superseded by SRO 931(I) 2019 dated August 09, 2019 and further by SRO 1076(1) 2019 dated September 13, 2019, stating that the sale prices and minimum charges in respect of natural gas to industrial customer with effect from July 01, 2019 shall be at flat rate of Rs.1,021 per MMBTU. The Company challenged the said impugned notification before HCS. The HCS has passed interim order dated November 22, 2019 suggesting stay on the rates aforementioned, while ordering plaintiffs to deposit the differential amount of notified price and prescribed price of estimated revenue requirement (ERR) of OGRA (Rs. 937.57 per MMBTU) amounting to Rs. 83.43 per MMBTU as security till further orders.

Thereafter, OGRA in suppression of its Notification No. SRO 1931(1) 2019 dated August 09, 2019 and SRO 1076(1)2019 dated September 13, 2019 issued notification No. SRO 10-3(8) / 2020 dated October 23, 2020 notifying the sale price in respect of general industrial sector and captive power sector as flat rate of Rs. 1,054 per MMBTU and Rs. 1,087 per MMBTU respectively with effect from September 01, 2020. The Company has been paying the bills on the said rates.

In June 2022, the Company signed Out of Court Settlement Agreements with SSGC for the Gas Tariff Cases and agreed to pay the outstanding amount in installments for which provision has already been made on prudent basis. The said agreements are yet to be filed with the relevant Courts to make them effective

		2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
24.	UNCLAIMED AND UNPAID DIVIDEND		
	Unclaimed dividend Unpaid dividend	15,079,387 23,754,072 38,833,459	12,858,753

25. CONTINGENCIES AND COMMITMENTS

25.1 Contingencies

- 25.1.1 SECP Corporate Supervision Division issued winding up orders for Hyderi Construction Company Limited (HCCL) on October 14, 2017 and accordingly the petition for winding up has been filed by Securities and Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP) in the Honourable High Court of Sindh. Following the winding up petition, a case (Suit no. 560, 2018) has been filed by RAH Securities Limited (a shareholder of HCCL) against multiple defendants, including the Company, claiming several losses and damages amounting to Rs. 98.8 million severally and jointly. The management, based on the advise of its legal advisor, is confident that the Company has the reasonable grounds to defend the above case. Accordingly, no provision has been made in these financial statements.
- 25.1.2 The Company has filed a Suit 722 of 2020 in the Honourable High Court of Sindh (HCS) challenging the demand of non-utilization fee by Sindh Industrial Trading Estates Limited (SITE Limited) amounting to Rs. 11.95 million in relation to Plot No. S-42, SITE, Karachi on the grounds that the matter regarding demand of non-utilization fee has already been decided by a judgement of the Honourable HCS dated May 04, 2002 in C.P No. D-333/2020 (M/s Indus Battery Industries vs SITE Limited). The Honourable HCS in its order dated July 02, 2020 has restrained SITE Limited from taking any coercive action against the Company. The matter is currently at the stage of hearing. Based on advice from its legal advisor, the management of the Company expects a favourable outcome, hence no provision in this respect is required to be made in these financial statements.
- 25.1.3 The Company had received show cause notice under section 122(9) of the Income Tax Ordinance, 2001 (the Ordinance) against amendment of assessment under section 122(5A) of the Ordinance in respect of tax year 2016. After providing an opportunity of being heard, the Additional Commissioner Inland Revenue Audit passed an amended assessment order dated February 03, 2021 under section 122(5A) of the Ordinance creating a demand of Rs. 22.27 million. The Company has filed an appeal against the impugned order with the Commissioner Inland Revenue Appeal (CIR-A) which is pending adjudication. Subsequent to the year end, the Company received an order dated August 05, 2022 from CIR-A in which one matter was remanded back with direction to reconsider the facts of the case and all the other matters were deleted by the CIR-A.

25.2	Commitments	Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
	Outstanding letters of credit		5,500,134	29,677,374
	Guarantee issued in favour of Sui Southern Gas Company Limited	25.2.1	73,845,865	73,845,865
	Cheques issued in favor of Nazir of Honourable High Court of Sindh in relation to OGRA case	23	63,380,287	63,380,287

25.2.1 Guarantees have been issued by a commercial bank on behalf of the Company to Sui Southern Gas Company Limited in the normal course of business.

		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
26.	TURNOVER – net			
	Local sales Export sales		1,369,599,584 689,142,518 2,058,742,102	297,253,179
	Sales return Sales tax		(19,304,200) (119,780,526) 1,919,657,376	(57,731,187)
27.	COST OF SALES			
	Cost of goods manufactured Finished goods at the beginning of the year Finished goods at the end of the year	27.1 13	1,475,294,448 87,094,949 (85,656,001) 1,476,733,396	
27.1	Cost of goods manufactured			
	Raw and packing materials consumed Utilities Salaries, wages and benefits Repairs and maintenance Stores, spare parts and loose tools consumed Depreciation on operating fixed assets Vehicle running and maintenance Insurance Others Work-in-process At the beginning of the year At the end of the year	27.1.1 27.1.2 8.2	736,274,695 449,355,438 163,102,173 2,743,770 47,831,483 49,804,924 10,991,669 4,136,458 12,437,950 1,476,678,560	747,958,742 317,306,305 149,765,140 4,091,923 71,279,270 34,237,174 9,101,744 4,034,027 11,079,745 1,348,854,070
27.1.1	Raw and packing materials consumed			
	At the beginning of the year Purchases		140,159,316 758,291,110 898,450,426	135,316,952 752,801,106 888,118,058
	At the end of the year	13	(162,175,731) 736,274,695	(140,159,316) 747,958,742

27.1.2 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs 7.34 million (2021: Rs.6.85 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.



		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
28.	DISTRIBUTION COSTS			
	Freight and commission Salaries benefits Organic certification Advertisement expenses Kosher certification Travelling and conveyance Vehicle running expenses Depreciation on operating fixed assets Depreciation on right-of-use assets Postage and telephone ISO and HACCP certification Insurance Printing and stationery Entertainment Utilities Others	28.1 8.2 9.1	176,762,544 12,835,490 1,826,073 2,776,357 1,515,459 1,737,368 554,208 76,388 410,628 1,283,021 322,610 418,607 129,357 154,904 109,206 146,161 201,058,381	87,328,206 12,008,011 1,764,716 254,373 1,112,753 663,836 672,816 - 410,626 2,081,661 36,000 408,069 99,253 88,739 103,440 108,402 107,140,901
			201,030,301	107,140,901

28.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs 0.59 million (2021: Rs.0.74 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

29. ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES

Salaries and benefits	29.1	62,613,091	55,672,361
Travelling and conveyance		22,641,851	8,157,035
Rates and taxes		483,099	3,120
Legal and professional charges		349,305	3,326,039
Depreciation on operating fixed assets	8.2	2,211,843	2,605,305
Depreciation on right-of-use assets	9.1	9,941,106	8,681,246
Vehicle running expenses		6,162,441	4,424,079
Postage and telephone		1,545,589	1,773,521
Printing and stationery		1,653,657	1,548,089
Auditor's remuneration	29.2	3,382,116	3,540,405
Utilities		1,368,379	1,290,141
Entertainment		1,397,285	1,556,967
Donations and corporate social responsibility	29.3	3,724,500	6,101,901
Advertisement expenses		604,975	749,280
Share registrar service charges		373,032	431,954
Insurance		653,966	654,632
Repairs and maintenance		630,728	1,008,255
Directors' fee		100,000	143,750
Others		4,870,748	3,823,222
		124,707,711	105,491,302

29.1 Salaries, wages and benefits include Rs. 3.64 million (2021 Rs.3.16 million) in respect of staff retirement benefits.

		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
29.2	Auditor's remuneration			
	Statutory audit Half yearly review Tax services Others		880,000 170,500 1,952,116 379,500 3,382,116	880,000 170,500 2,110,405 379,500 3,540,405
29.3	Donation to following parties exceeds the highe or Rs. 1 million:	r of 10% (of the Company's	total donations
	Habib Education Trust Habib Medical Trust Khoja Girls Orphanage Trust Habib Ismail Benevolent Trust		1,250,000 1,250,000 - - 2,500,000	1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 1,250,000 5,000,000
29.3.1	None of the directors or their spouses had any	interest ir	the donees.	
30.	OTHER EXPENSES			
	Workers' Welfare fund Workers' Profit Participation Fund Exchange loss - net Net unrealised loss on listed equity securities	22.2 22.3	2,312,461 7,003,575 2,957,912 9,701,487 21,975,435	4,558,641 11,996,425 587,446 228,701 17,371,213
31.	OTHER INCOME		21,970,400	17,071,210
	Income from financial assets Interest on saving accounts Profit on term deposits receipts Gain on disposal of listed equity securities Dividend income on listed equity securities Dividend income on mutual fund units		6,002,343 7,308,285 3,841,453 15,968,953 1,017,869 34,138,903	6,252,314 18,148,797 1,135,782 13,865,756 366,613 39,769,262
	Income from non-financial assets Gain on disposal of operating fixed assets Insurance claim		340,000 34,478,903	41,658 - 39,810,920



32.	FINANCE COSTS	Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
	Bank charges and commission Accretion of interest on lease liabilities Unwinding of finance cost on provision for GIDC Brokerage charges	20.1 21	3,009,733 559,493 12,778,332 3,152 16,350,710	2,913,648 549,766 6,161,635 454,518 10,079,567
33.	TAXATION			
	Current Prior Deferred	33.1	25,176,080 30,197 12,560,790 37,767,067	27,390,405 (21,277,269) (4,391,197) 1,721,939

- **33.1** Income tax assessments of the Company have been finalised up to and including the tax year 2021.
- 33.2 Provision for taxation for the current year was based on Minimum Tax u/s 113 of the Income Tax Ordinance 2001. Accordingly reconciliation between tax expense and accounting profit has not been presented for the year ended June 30, 2022.

34. EARNINGS PER SHARE

Profit for the year Weighted average number of		84,084,348	250,018,234
ordinary shares in issue	19	40,000,000	40,000,000
Basic and diluted earnings per share		2.10	6.25

		Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
35.	CASH GENERATED FROM OPERATIONS			
	Profit before taxation Adjustments		121,851,415	251,740,173
	Depreciation on operating fixed assets Depreciation on right-of-use assets Gain on disposals of operating fixed assets Unrealised loss on listed equity securities - net	8.2 9.1 31	52,093,155 10,351,734 - 9,701,487	36,842,479 9,091,872 (41,658) 228,701
	Provision for GIDC and other charges Gain on remeasurement of provision		-	35,274,758
	for GIDC - net Dividend income on listed equity securities and mutual fund units	31	(8,540,769)	(28,366,750)
	Profit on term deposits receipts and		(16,986,822)	(14,232,369)
	interest on savings accounts Finance costs	31 32	(13,310,628) 16,350,710	(24,629,812) 10,079,567
			49,658,867 171,510,282	24,246,788 275,986,961
	Decrease / (increase) in current assets Stores, spare parts and loose tools		(31,575,545)	(27,340,965)
	Stock-in-trade Trade debts		(21,957,966) (53,920,104)	18,703,533 35,598
	Loans and advances Trade deposits and pre-payments		(9,503,817) 7,418	(493,382) 151,792
	Sales tax receivable		11,944,668 (105,005,346)	(11,944,668) (20,888,092)
	(Decrease) / increase in current liability Trade and other payables		(54,998,306)	95,245,781
	Cash generated from operations		11,506,630	350,344,650
36.	CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS			
	Cash and bank balances Term deposits receipts - maturity within three m	onths	108,829,391 254,450	133,562,359 100,254,450
	Total deposits recoipts materity within theory	.0111110	109,083,841	233,816,809

37. FINANCIAL RISK MANAGEMENT OBJECTIVES AND POLICIES

The Company finances its operations through equity and management of working capital with a view to maintaining an appropriate mix between various sources of finance to minimize risk. Taken as a whole, the Company is exposed to market risk (including interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Company's principal financial liabilities comprise trade and other payables, unclaimed dividend and lease liabilities. The main purpose of these financial liabilities other than unclaimed dividend is to manage working capital requirements for the Company's operations. The Company has various financial assets such as trade debts, loans, deposits, short-term investments and cash and bank balances which are directly related to its operations.

The Board of Directors has overall responsibility for the establishment and oversight of Company's risk management framework. The Board is also responsible for developing and monitoring the Company's risk management policies. The Company's overall risk management program focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimize potential adverse effects on the financial performance.

37.1 Market risk

Market risk is the risk that fair value of future cash flows will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk and other price risk, such as equity risk. The Company is not materially exposed to other price risk.

37.1.1 Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of the financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in the market interest rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in market interest rates relates primarily to its investment in term deposit receipts, deposits in savings accounts and lease liabilities.

Management of the Company estimates that 1% increase in the market interest rate, with all other factors remaining constant, would increase the Company's profit by Rs. 1.01 million (2021: Rs. 2.21 million) and a 1% decrease would result in decrease in the Company's profit by the same amount. However, the actual results may differ from the sensitivity analysis.

37.1.2 Foreign currency risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of the changes in foreign exchange rates. The Company's exposure to the risk of changes in foreign exchange rates relates primarily to the Company's operating activities (when revenue or expenses are denominated in a different currency from the Company's functional currency).

The following significant exchange rates have been applied at reporting dates:

	Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
Exchange rate – US Dollar		204.85	157.54

The following table demonstrates the sensitivity to a reasonably possible change in the US dollar exchange rate, with all other variables held constant, of the Company's profit before tax:

		Effect on pro	fit before tax
	Change in rate (%)	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
June 30	1%	207,076	188,904
	-1%	(207,076)	(188,904)

37.1.3 Equity risk

Equity price risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of financial instruments will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. Management of the Company estimates that 1% increase in the market rate of equity securities and mutual fund units rate, with all other factors remaining constant, would increase the Company's profit before tax by Rs. 0.55 million (2021: 2.05) and a 1% decrease would result in decrease in the Company's profit before tax by the same amount. However, the actual results may differ from the sensitivity analysis.

37.2 Credit risk

Credit risk represents the financial loss that would be recognised at the reporting date if counter parties failed to perform as contracted. The Company manages credit risk by limiting significant exposure to any individual customers, by obtaining advance against sales and does not have significant exposure to any individual customer. As of the reporting date, the Company is exposed to credit risk on the following assets:

	Note	2022 RUPEES	2021 RUPEES
Long-term deposits	10	26,490,870	26,490,870
Trade debts	14	53,940,972	20,868
Loans to employees	15	-	971,877
Trade deposits	16	475,381	1,540,267
Short-term investments	17	102,886,539	100,377,364
Bank balances	18	107,169,489	131,856,263
		290,963,251	261,257,509

Credit quality of financial assets

The credit quality of financial assets that are neither past due nor impaired can be assessed by reference to external credit ratings agencies or the historical information about counter party default rates as shown below:

Trade debts

Customers without default in past one year	53,940,972	20,868
Cash at bank		
Current accounts A-1 + Savings accounts	2,234,296	9,279,660
A-1 +	104,935,193	122,576,603
	107,169,489	131,856,263

37.3 Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company applies prudent liquidity risk management by maintaining sufficient cash and the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities.

Table below summarises the maturity profile of the Company's financial liabilities at the following reporting dates based on contractual undiscounted payments.

		2022		
On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
		(Rupees)		
-	56,379,701	-	-	56,379,701
-	-	10,937,673	-	10,937,673
38,833,459	-	-	-	38,833,459
38,833,459	56,379,701	10,937,673		106,150,833
		2021		
On demand	Less than 3 months	3 to 12 months	1 to 5 years	Total
		(Rupees)		
-	66,052,869	-	-	66,052,869
-	-	476,140	219,341	695,481
31,524,175	-	-	-	31,524,175
31 524 175	66,052,869	476,140	219,341	98,272,525
	38,833,459 38,833,459 On demand	3 months - 56,379,701 - 38,833,459 38,833,459 On demand Less than 3 months - 66,052,869 - 31,524,175 - 7	On demand Less than 3 months 3 to 12 months - 56,379,701 - - 10,937,673 38,833,459 - - 38,833,459 56,379,701 10,937,673 On demand Less than 3 to 12 months - (Rupees) - 476,140 31,524,175 -	On demand Less than 3 months 3 to 12 months 1 to 5 years - 56,379,701 - - - 10,937,673 - - 38,833,459 - - - 38,833,459 56,379,701 10,937,673 - On demand Less than 3 to 12 months 1 to 5 years - (Rupees) - - - 476,140 219,341 31,524,175 - - -

37.4 Capital risk management

The Company's objective when managing capital is to safe guard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern so that it can continue to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders; and to maintain a strong capital base to support the sustained development of its businesses.

The Company manages its capital structure by monitoring return on net assets and makes adjustments to it in the light of changes in economic conditions. In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Company may adjust the amount of dividend paid to shareholders or issue new shares.

37.5 Fair value of financial instruments

The carrying values of the financial assets and financial liabilities approximate their fair values. Fair value is the amount for which an asset could be exchanged, or a liability settled, between knowledgeable, willing parties in an arm's length transaction.

Fair value hierarchy

The table below analyses financial instruments carried at fair value, by valuation method. The different levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1: Quoted market price

Level 2: Valuation techniques (market observable); and

Level 3: Valuation techniques (non-market observables)

	Level 1	Level 2	Level 3	Total
2022		(Rupe	es)	
Listed equity securities Mutual fund units - open ended	43,909,558 11,176,808 55,086,366	- - -	- - -	43,909,558 11,176,808 55,086,366
2021	205,334,904	-		205,334,904

37.6 Changes in liabilities to cash flows arising from financing activities:

	20	22	202	21
	Dividend	Lease liabilities	Dividend	Lease liabilities
		(R	upees)	
At the beginning of the year	31,524,175	695,481	20,686,985	10,289,676
Changes from financing cash flows				
Dividend paid during the year	(112,690,716)	-	(189,162,810)	_
Lease rentals paid	-	(10,852,406)	-	(10,143,961)
	(112,690,716)	(10,852,406)	(189,162,810)	(10,143,961)
Other changes				
Dividend approved during the year	120,000,000	-	200,000,000	-
Remeasurement of lease liabilities	-	20,535,105	-	-
Accretion of interest	-	559,493	-	549,766
	120,000,000	21,094,598	200,000,000	549,766
At the end of the yea	38,833,459	10,937,673	31,524,175	695,481

37.7 Unutilised credit facilities

At June 30, 2022 the Company has a sanctioned limit of Rs.100 million for a running finance facility which carries interest at the rate 3 months average KIBOR plus 2.50 percent and is secured against first pari passu hypothecation charge over the stocks and book debts (combined) of the Company for Rs.175 million, lien over Letters of Credit / contract, import documents consigned to the bank and 10% cash margin on all Letters of Credit. Moreover a registered charge is also created by way of equitable mortgage over fixed assets including land, building, machinery and equipment situated at Hub Industrial Area, District Lasbela, Baluchistan.



38. REMUNERATION OF THE CHIEF EXECUTIVE, DIRECTOR AND EXECUTIVES

38.1 Aggregate amounts charged in the financial statements are as follows:

		2022			2021	
	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives	Chief Executive	Directors	Executives
			(Rupe	ees)		
Managerial remuneration	12,538,191	7,463,810	24,990,415	9,816,250	5,720,050	24,751,221
Bonus	1,115,759	665,126	2,892,879	864,387	503,688	2,207,566
Leave encashment	1,230,769	738,462	1,776,985	890,219	518,741	1,992,214
Contribution to provident fund	1,044,849	621,984	2,082,534	818,021	476,671	2,062,601
	15,929,568	9,489,382	31,742,813	12,388,877	7,219,150	31,013,602
Number of persons	1	1	10	1	1	10

- **38.2** The aggregate amount paid to the directors as a fee for attending the Board of Directors' meetings amounted to Rs. 0.100 million (2021: Rs. 0.143 million).
- **38.3** In addition, the Chief Executive, Director and all Executives are provided free use of Company maintained cars as per terms of employment.

39. TRANSACTIONS WITH RELATED PARTIES

39.1 The related parties of the Company comprise of associated companies, directors, retirement funds, and key management personnel of the Company. The Company enters into transactions with related parties on agreed terms as approved by the Board of Directors. Transactions with related parties other than those disclosed elsewhere in the financial statements, are as follows:

		2022	2021
Relationship	Nature of transactions	Rup	ees
Associated Company	Dividend paid	58,719	97,865
Directors and other	Dividend paid	78,899,358	131,498,930
	·		
Staff provident fund	Contributions made	11,570,033	10,747,760
•			

39.2 Following are the associated companies with whom the Company had entered into transactions or has arrangements:

Company Name	Basis of relationship	Aggregate % of shareholding in the Company
Hydari Boring & Pilling (Private) Limited	Common directorship	0.050%
Abbas Builders (Private) Limited	Common directorship	0.003%
Indus Oil Expellers (Private) Limited	Common directorship	0.001%

40. NUMBER OF EMPLOYEES

The number of employees including contractual employees of the Company are as follows:

		2022 Numbe	2021 ers
	At year end	307	319
	Average employees during the year	300	312
41.	CAPACITY	2022 M. Ton	2021 nes
	Annual installed capacity as of June 30	45,000	45,000
	Actual production for the year	12,475	14,268

41.1 Actual production is less than the installed capacity due to low industry demand.

42. OPERATING SEGMENTS

These financial statements have been prepared on the basis of a single reportable segment.

Sales of the Company relate to starch sugar and proteins.

Total sales of the Company relating to customers in Pakistan were 66% during the year ended June 30, 2022 (2021: 83%).

All non-current assets of the Company as at the June 30, 2022 and June 30, 2021 were located in Pakistan.

Sales to a major customer of the Company are around 19% of the Company's total sales during the year ended 30 June 2022 (2021: 12.75%)

43. POST REPORTING DATE EVENTS

43.1 Subsequent to the year end, the Board of Directors of the Company in their meeting held on 05 September, 2022 have proposed a final cash dividend of 40% i.e. Rs. 2.00 (2021: 60% i.e. Rs.3.00) per share.

44. GENERAL

- **44.1** Figures have been rounded off to the nearest Pak. Rupee.
- 44.2 Investments out of provident fund have been made in accordance with the provisions of section 218 of the Companies Act, 2017 and the regulation formulated for this purpose.
- **44.3** These financial statements were authorised for issue on 05 September, 2022 by the Board of Directors of the Company.

OWAIS G. HABIB Chief Executive Officer JAMSHED ALI KHAN Chief Financial Officer

GAFFAR A. HABIB Chairman

NOTICE OF ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING

NOTICE is hereby given that the 42nd Annual General Meeting of the Shareholders of Habib Rice Products Ltd. will be held on Wednesday, October 26, 2022 at 11:00 a.m. at The Institute of Chartered Accountants of Pakistan (ICAP) Auditorium Hall, D-31/8, Chartered Accountants Avenue, Clifton, Karachi and through video-link / Zoom Cloud meetings to transact the following business.

ORDINARY BUSINESS:

- 1. To confirm the minutes of the Annual General Meeting held on Tuesday, October 26, 2021.
- 2. To receive and adopt the Director's Report and Audited Financial Statements of the Company for the year ended June 30, 2022.
- 3. To approve the Final Cash Dividend for the year ended June 30, 2022 @ 40% i.e. Rs.2.00 per share of Rs.5 each to the members as recommended by the Board of Directors.
- 4. To appoint Auditors for the year ending on June 30, 2023 and fix their remuneration.
- 5. To transact such other business as may be placed before the meeting with the permission of the Chairman.

BY ORDER OF THE BOARD
ALI ASGHAR RAJANI
Company Secretary

Karachi: 05 September 2022.

NOTES:

1. Attendance of AGM through video-link

The entitled shareholders whose name appear in the Books of the Company by the close of business on 17 October, 2022 who are interested to attend AGM through online platform are hereby requested to get themselves registered with the Company Secretary Office by providing the following details at the earliest but not later than 48 hours before the time of AGM at hal-adm@hotmail.com.

Name of Shareholders	CNIC No.	Folio No. / CDS No.	Cell Number	Email address

Upon receipt of the above information from interested shareholders, the Company will send the login details at their email addresses. The Company will convene the meeting through "Zoom Cloud Meetings" which can be downloaded from Google Play or Apple App store. Our shareholders are therefore requested to download the application ahead of the meeting. On the AGM day, shareholders will be able to login and participate in the AGM proceedings through their smart phones or computer devices from any convenient location.

The login facility will be opened 30 minutes before the meeting time to enable the participants to join the meeting after identification and verification process.

The entitled shareholders (whose name appeared in the Books of the Company by the close of business on 17 October, 2022) along with the details mentioned above may send their comments / suggestions for the proposed Agenda items at the above email address at least 48 hours before the meeting.

2. Closure of Share Transfer Books

The share transfer books of the Company will remain closed from October 18, 2022 to October 26, 2022 (both days inclusive). Transfers received in order at the office of our Share Registrar M/s. THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited, Plot No. 32-C, Jami Commercial Street 2, D.H.A., Phase - VII, Karachi at the close of the business on 17 October, 2022 will be treated in time to determine the right to attend the Annual General Meeting.

3. Participation in General Meeting

A member of the Company entitled to attend and vote at this meeting is entitled to appoint another member of the Company as his/her proxy to attend and vote on his/her behalf. Proxy form, in order to be effective, must be received at the Registered Office of the Company duly stamped and signed not less than 48 hours before the meeting.

A. For Attending the Meeting:

- In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per Regulations, shall authenticate his/her identity by showing his/her original Computerized National Identity Card (CNIC) or original Passport at the time of attending the meeting through video-link.
- II. In case of Corporate Entity, the Board of Directors' resolution / power of attorney with specimen signature of the nominee shall be produced (unless it has been provided earlier) at the time of meeting through video-link.

B. For Appointing Proxies:

- i) In case of individuals, the account holder or sub-account holder and/or the person whose securities are in group account and their registration details are uploaded as per the regulations, shall submit the proxy form as per the above requirement.
- ii) The proxy form shall be witnessed by two persons whose names, address and CNIC/Passport Numbers shall be mentioned on the form.
- iii) Attested copies of CNIC or Passport of the beneficial owners and the proxy shall be furnished with the proxy form.
- iv) The proxy shall produce his/her original CNIC or original Passport at the time of the meeting. In case of Corporate Entity, the Board of Directors' resolution/power of attorney with specimen signature shall be submitted (unless it has been provided earlier) along with proxy form to the Company.

4. Change of Address

Members are requested to notify any change in their addresses and their contact numbers immediately to our Share Registrar: M/s. THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited.

5. Submission of CNIC or Passport

Pursuant to the directive of the Securities & Exchange Commission of Pakistan (SECP), it is mandatory to mention CNIC number of member on members' register and other statutory returns. Those shareholders who have not submitted copy of their CNIC to the Company are once again requested to submit copy of their CNIC, otherwise the Company will be constrained under section 243(2)(a) of the Companies Act, 2017 to withhold dividend of such shareholders.

6. E-Dividend (Mandatory)

In accordance with the provision of Section 242 of the Companies Act and Companies (Distribution of Dividends), Regulation 2017, it is mandatory for a listed Company to pay cash dividend to the shareholders only through electronic mode directly into the bank account designated by the entitled shareholders instead of issuing physical dividend warrant. In this regard, Habib Rice Products Ltd. has already sent letters with Electronic Credit Mandate Forms to the shareholders. E-Dividend form is also available on Company's website i.e. www.hrpl-financialstatement.com

7. Payment of Cash Dividend through Electronic Mode

In order to receive cash dividend directly into the designated bank account, members who have not yet provided the bank account details are requested to fill and sign the "E-Dividend Mandate Form" available on the Company's website i.e. www.hrpl-financialstatement.com and send to the relevant Participants/Investor Account Services of the CDC/Share Registrar of the Company (as the case may be) latest by 17 October, 2022 along with a copy of their valid CNICs.

Incase of non-receipt or incorrect International Bank Account Number (IBAN) with other related details or non-availability of valid CNICs, the Bank will withhold cash dividend of such members.

8. Deduction of Income Tax

The withholding tax rates on the amount of dividend are as under:

(a)	Rate of tax deduction appearing in Active Taxpayer List (ATL)	15%
(b)	Rate of tax deduction not appearing in Active Taxpayer List (ATL)	30%

To enable the Company to make tax deduction on the amount of cash dividend @15% instead of 30%, all the shareholders whose names are not entered into the Active Tax-payers List (ATL) provided on the website of FBR, despite the fact that they are filers, are advised to make sure that their names are entered into ATL before the date of approval of the cash dividend, at the Annual General Meeting on 26th October 2022, otherwise tax on their cash dividend will be deducted @ 30% instead of 15%.

In case of Joint account, each holder is to be treated individually as appearing in ATL or not appearing in ATL and tax will be deducted on the basis of shareholding of each joint holder as may be notified by the shareholder, in writing as follows, to our Share Registrar, or if not so notified, each joint holder shall be assumed to have an equal number of shares.



			Princip	al Shareholders	Joint S	Shareholders
Company Name	Folio/CDC Account No.	Total Shares	Name and CNIC#	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Share)	Name and CNIC #	Shareholding Proportion (No. of Share)

The Corporate shareholders having CDC account are required to have their National Tax Number (NTN) updated with their respective participants, whereas physical shareholders should send a copy of their NTN certificate to the Company or Company's Share Registrar M/s. THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited. The shareholders while sending NTN or NTN certificates, as the case may be, must quote company name and their respective Folio numbers.

9. Transmission of Financial Statements and Notices through Electronically

Shareholders have an option to receive Annual Audited Financial Statements and Notice of Annual General Meeting through email. Shareholders of the Company are requested to give their consent on prescribed format placed on the Company's website www.halfinancialstatement.com to our Shares Registrar, M/s THK Associates (PVT) Ltd. at Plot No. 32-C, Jami Commercial Street 2, D.H.A., Phase - VII, Karachi, to update our record if they wish to receive Annual Audited Financial Statements and Notice of Annual General Meeting through email. However, if a shareholder, in addition, requests for a hard copy of the Audited Financial Statements, the same shall be provided free of cost within seven (07) days of receipt of such request.

For any query / clarification / information, the shareholder may contact the Company. and/or the Share Registrar at the following addresses:

Company Address: Habib Rice Products Ltd.

2nd Floor, UBL Building, I.I. Chundrigar Road, Karachi. Phone: (+92-21) 32411887 Fax: (+92-21) 32414581

e-mail: hal-adm@hotmail.com

Share Registrar Address: M/s. THK Associates (Pvt.) Limited

Plot No. 32-C, Jami Commercial Street 2, D.H.A., Phase - VII, Karachi.

UAN: (021) 111-000-322 Fax: (021) 34168271

e-mail: secretariat@thk.com.pk

PROXY FORM

I/We		
of		
being a member(s) of HABIB RICE PRO		
Ordinary Shares as per Share Register F	Folio Number	
and/or CDC Account and participant's I.[D. Numbers	
hereby appoint	Folio No.	of
or failing him/her	Folio No.	of
another member of HABIB RICE PROD	OUCTS LTD., as my/our proxy	to vote for me/us and on
my/our behalf at the Annual General Me	eeting of the Company to be h	eld on October 26, 2022,
and at any adjournment thereof.		
Signed this	Day of	

Revenue Stamp Five Rupees

SIGNATURE OF MEMBER(S)

(Signature should agree with the specimen signature registered with the Company)



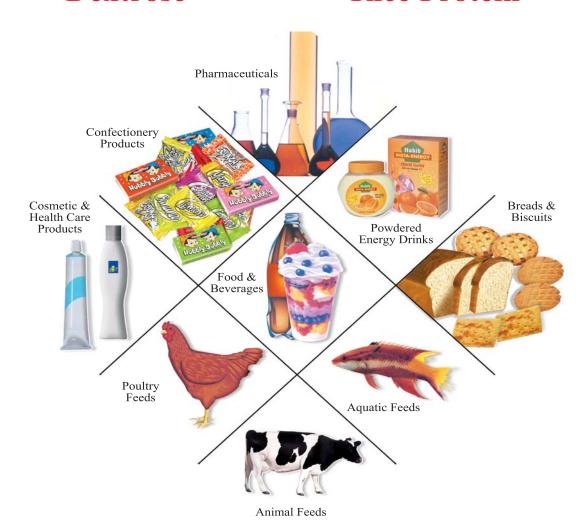
Habib Rice Products Ltd.

Pioneer Producers of Rice Derives Products and Proteins

Habib Rice Products Limited pioneered the conversion of Rice into:-

- Glucose
- Sorbitol
- Dextrose

- Maltodextrin
- High Fructose
- Rice Protein



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